

# Material Safety Data Sheet

DDP SPECIALITY PRODUCTS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED

Product name: DOW CORNING<sup>™</sup> MB50-002 Masterbatch

**Issue Date:** 20.10.2018 **Print Date:** 30.04.2020

DDP SPECIALITY PRODUCTS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name: DOW CORNING™ MB50-002 Masterbatch

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses: Additives

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DDP SPECIALITY PRODUCTS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED 81,82,83,8TH FLR., NORTH AVE., MAKER MAXITY BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX, BANDRA (EAST) 400051 MUMBAI INDIA

**Customer Information Number:** 

(91)22-6674-1500 SDSQuestion-AP@dupont.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER 24-Hour Emergency Contact: 000-800-100-7141 Local Emergency Contact: 0124 4092888 / 0124 2353777

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification Reproductive toxicity - Category 2

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word: WARNING!

#### Hazard statements

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

#### Storage

Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## Other hazards

No data available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.				
Component	CASRN	Concentration		
Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	>= 0.1 - < 0.25 %		

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Seek first aid or medical attention as needed. If molten material comes in contact with the skin, do not apply ice but cool under ice water or running stream of water. DO NOT attempt to remove the material from skin. Removal could result in severe tissue damage. Seek medical attention immediately. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. May cause gastrointestinal blockage. Do not give laxatives. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

# **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides Silicon oxides

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Fire burns more vigorously than would be expected.

#### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. Dispose of saturated absorbent or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Octamethyl	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm
Cyclotetrasilovane			

Cyclotetrasiloxane

## Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

#### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent. If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

## Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Use chemical resistant gloves classified

under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Use gloves to protect from mechanical injury. Selection of gloves will depend on the task. Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection (EN 407), when needed. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove is recommended to prevent contact with the solid material. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Other protection: When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as faceshield, boots, apron, or full-body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. Use an approved air-purifying respirator when vapors are generated at increased temperatures or when dust or mist is present.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: When dust/mist are present use a/an Particulate filter, type P2. When combinations of vapors, acids, or dusts/mists are present use a/an Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Thermoplastic Pellet
Color	white to off-white
Odor	none
Odor Threshold	No data available
рН	Not applicable
Melting point/range	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	Not applicable
Flash point	closed cup > 200 °C
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate	Not applicable
= 1)	

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not classified as a flammability hazard	
Lower explosion limit	No data available	
Upper explosion limit	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable	
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available	
Relative Density (water = 1)	0.94	
Water solubility	No data available	
Partition coefficient: n-	No data available	
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available	
Decomposition temperature	No data available	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not applicable	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable	
Explosive properties	Not explosive	
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.	
Molecular weight	No data available	
Particle size	No data available	

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid:** Do not expose to temperatures above 560 degrees F/293 degrees C. Decomposition or ignition may occur when heated above.

**Incompatible materials:** Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Ethane. Ethylene. Propylene. 1-Butene. HEXENE. Formaldehyde.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

### Acute toxicity

#### Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts. May cause choking if swallowed.

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

#### Acute dermal toxicity

No adverse effects anticipated by skin absorption. The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to dust. Vapors released during thermal processing may cause respiratory irritation.

The LC50 has not been determined.,

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Mechanical injury only. Under normal processing conditions, material is heated to elevated temperatures; contact with the material may cause thermal burns.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action. Elevated temperatures may generate vapor levels sufficient to cause eye irritation. Effects may include discomfort and redness.

#### Sensitization

For skin sensitization: No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

No relevant data found.

**Carcinogenicity** No relevant data found.

**Teratogenicity** No relevant data found.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

No relevant data found.

**Mutagenicity** No relevant data found.

#### Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

## Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

## Acute oral toxicity

LD50, Rat, male, > 4,800 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

#### Acute dermal toxicity

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,400 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

### Ecotoxicity

## **Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane**

Acute toxicity to fish Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms. No toxicity at the limit of solubility LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through, 96 Hour, > 0.022 mg/l No toxicity at the limit of solubility LC50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), flow-through, 14 d, > 0.0063 mg/l

## Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility EC50, Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp), flow-through test, 96 Hour, > 0.0091 mg/l No toxicity at the limit of solubility EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, > 0.015 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

No toxicity at the limit of solubility ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 0.022 mg/l

### Chronic toxicity to fish

No toxicity at the limit of solubility NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 93 d, >= 0.0044 mg/l

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, >= 0.0079 mg/l

### Persistence and degradability

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 3.7 %
Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

### Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, DT50, 69.3 - 144 Hour, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 24.6 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 6.49 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 12,400 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) Measured

#### Mobility in Soil

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### Other adverse effects

#### Octamethyl Cyclotetrasiloxane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods:** Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

This product when disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **Classification for ROAD and Rail transport:**

Not regulated for transport

#### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Transport in bulk

**IBC or IGC Code** 

according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This product has been classified in accordance with the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), rev. 6.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

## Revision

Identification Number: 2710218 / A852 / Issue Date: 20.10.2018 / Version: 2.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

## Legend

TWA	8-hr TWA	
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)	

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Societyfor the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New ChemicalSubstances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment

of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO -International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL -Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN -United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

DDP SPECIALITY PRODUCTS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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